

Homes Tasmania Dashboard

July 2026

**Homes
Tasmania**

Building homes,
creating communities.

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Homes Tasmania acknowledges Tasmanian Aboriginal communities, their culture and their rights as the first peoples of this Land, the island of lutruwita/Tasmania.

Homes Tasmania is committed to a safe and inclusive community for people of LGBTIQ+ communities and their families.

Homes Tasmania thanks the Housing and Homelessness Advisory Committee for their advice in creating this dashboard. The report aims to show progress on the [Tasmanian Housing Strategy Action Plan 2023-2027](#), focusing on supply and construction activities by Homes Tasmania and its partners.

CEO update

Homes Tasmania continues to boost the supply of homes and land to help more Tasmanians access a safe and affordable home.



We have reached an important milestone in delivering the Tasmanian Government's target of 10,000 new homes by 2032, with 5,071 households achieving a housing outcome since October 2020.

In July, a further 77 households secured a housing outcome through a new social housing home, an affordable rental property, or support to purchase their own home or land on which to build.

Passing the halfway mark towards the 10,000 homes target is a significant achievement and reflects the dedication of our staff and the strong partnerships we have with the community housing and construction sectors.

Behind these numbers are individuals and families who now have greater housing security. It is a reminder of the difference our collective efforts can make for Tasmanians.

Among the homes completed in July were 15 new units in Berriedale, which are already providing homes for families from the Housing Register. The medium-density development received \$7.2 million through the Australian Government's Social Housing Accelerator Payment (SHAP), alongside a \$2.59 million funding and land contribution from Homes Tasmania.

SHAP is providing \$50 million to deliver 128 units across seven projects around Tasmania. To date, 25 SHAP-funded units have been completed, with a further 65 expected to be completed in the coming months.

We also continued to build Tasmania's future housing pipeline in July, with the purchase of the Kensington Park site in New Norfolk from Derwent Valley Council.

The strategically located 9.3-hectare site has the potential to deliver around 105 residential lots as part of a future mixed-tenure development.

Initial site works also began at our social and affordable housing development at Higgs Court in Devonport. The project will deliver 42 homes, comprising a mix of one-, two- and three-bedroom homes across two-storey townhouses and three-storey apartment buildings.

The development will provide more affordable rental options for Tasmanians on low to moderate incomes, with some homes to be allocated specifically to older Tasmanians on the Housing Register.

Housing plan

Homes Tasmania was established to strategically manage and develop the housing continuum across Tasmania. It has been tasked with delivering 10 000 homes by June 2032.

This dashboard shows performance by reporting on **completed** projects, and a **pipeline** of projects underway.

Homes Tasmania and its partners are creating housing opportunities that meet the housing needs experienced by Tasmanians across the housing system.

This is outlined in the Tasmanian Government's Housing Strategy 2023-2043, and includes crisis accommodation, supported accommodation, social housing, affordable private rentals, release of affordable land parcels and affordable home ownership assistance.

Completed at the end of July 2026:



119
crisis units



2 239
social housing
and supported
accommodation



1 184
affordable
rentals



1 338
affordable
home
purchases



191
affordable
residential
lots*

These 5 071 homes all count towards the target of 10 000 by 2032.

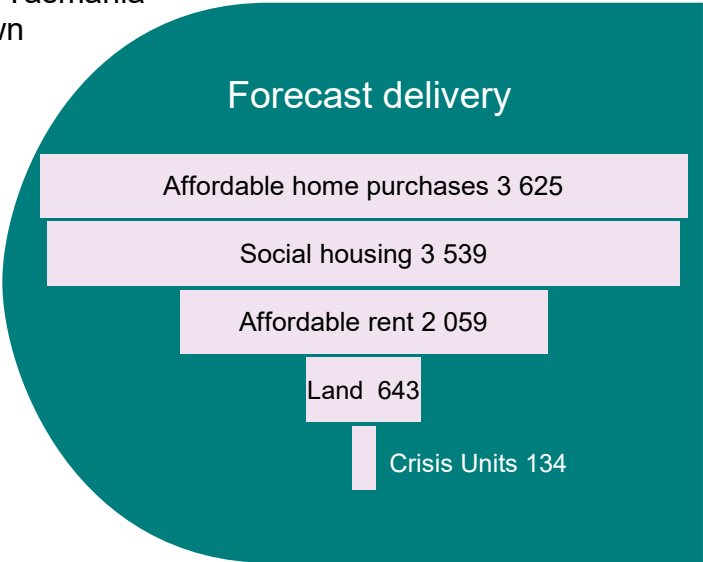
Homes Tasmania is also working in partnership with state government agencies, local governments and the private sector to increase key worker accommodation for essential health services, to enable local prosperity and reduce pressures on the private market, which is in addition to the 10 000 social and affordable homes.

* Land is recorded as completed once sold. Homes Tasmania will track construction, and if a dwelling is not substantially commenced within two years, the lot will return to the pipeline until a housing outcome is achieved.

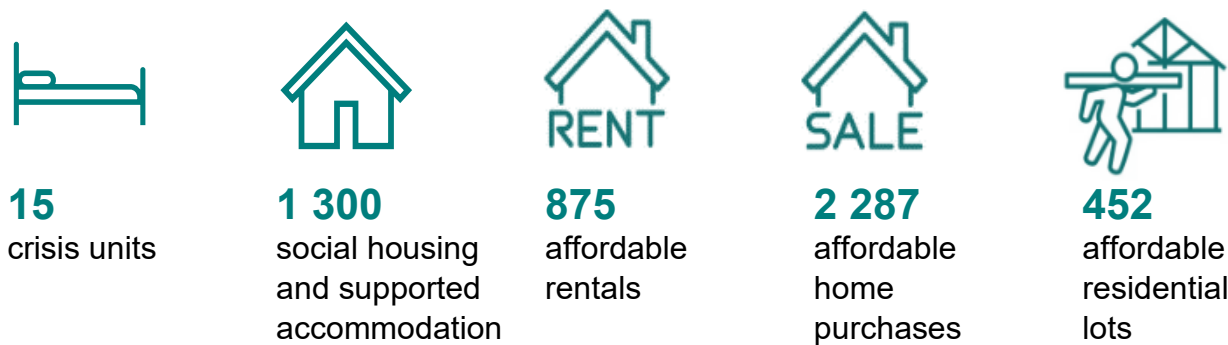
Funding model and pipeline

Homes Tasmania was set up to be commercially focused, with access to debt funds in the form of direct borrowings from TASCORP and interest guaranteed by the Treasurer through appropriation. Revenue is also generated from land and property sales or other private market investment. Homes Tasmania is growing its land bank predominantly from Crown land transfers and developing this land to create more affordable homes for Tasmanians and to generate revenue.

Examples of pipeline projects include new supply under the Community Housing Growth Program and national housing programs such as HAFF (social and affordable homes), more tenancies into existing homes under the expanded Private Rental Incentives and Family Violence Rapid Rehousing programs (affordable rentals), sales under MyHome (affordable home purchases) and land development.



Current pipeline:



This pipeline of 4 929 homes and land all count towards the target of 10 000 by 2032.

Key performance indicators

KPI 1: Deliver 10 000 social and affordable homes

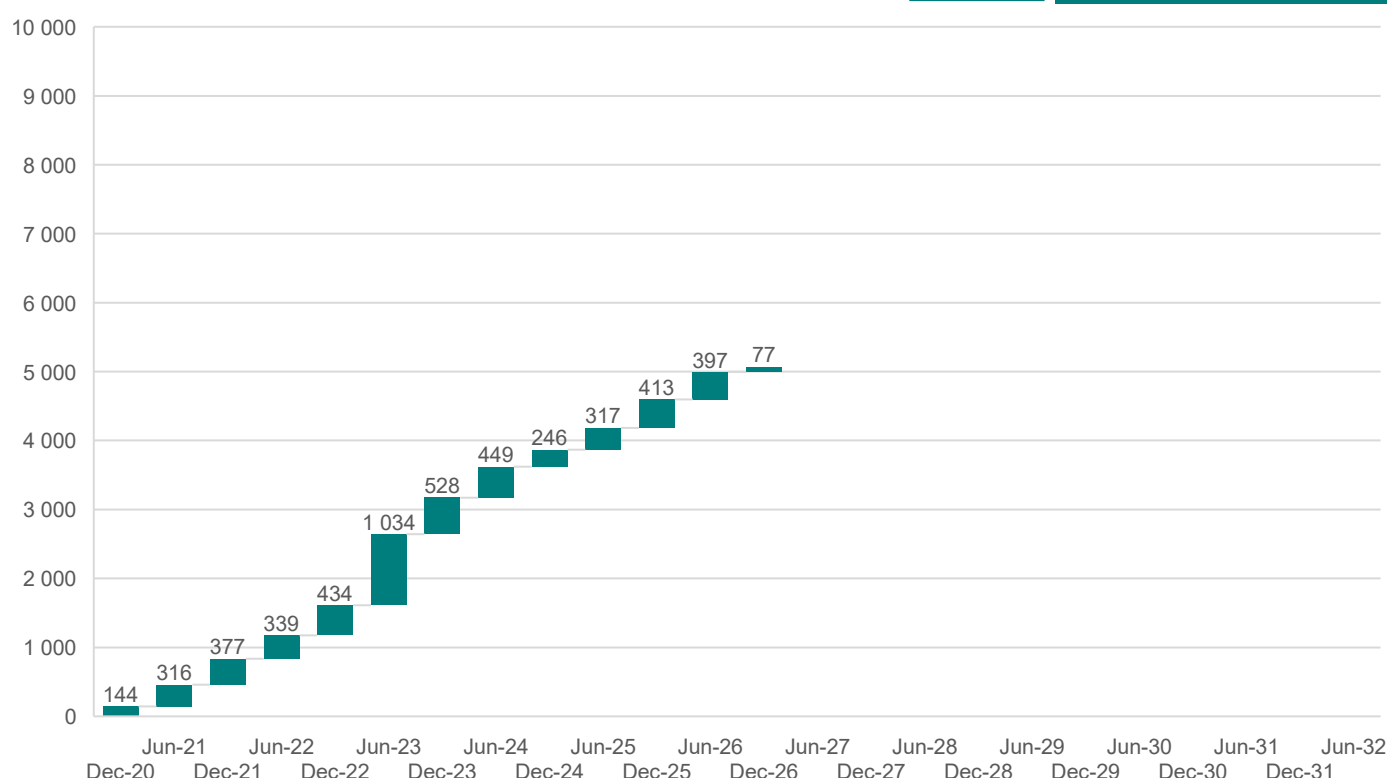
Tasmanians need more homes and Homes Tasmania is committed to improving the housing market, including increasing social and affordable housing and releasing land for residential development.

KPI 1 measures progress of completed projects towards the target of 10 000 social and affordable homes between 1 October 2020 and 30 June 2032.

Progress of completed projects:

51%

5 071 / 10 000



There were 77 households assisted in July 2026 through home ownership assistance, affordable rental housing, land sales, and delivery of new social housing.

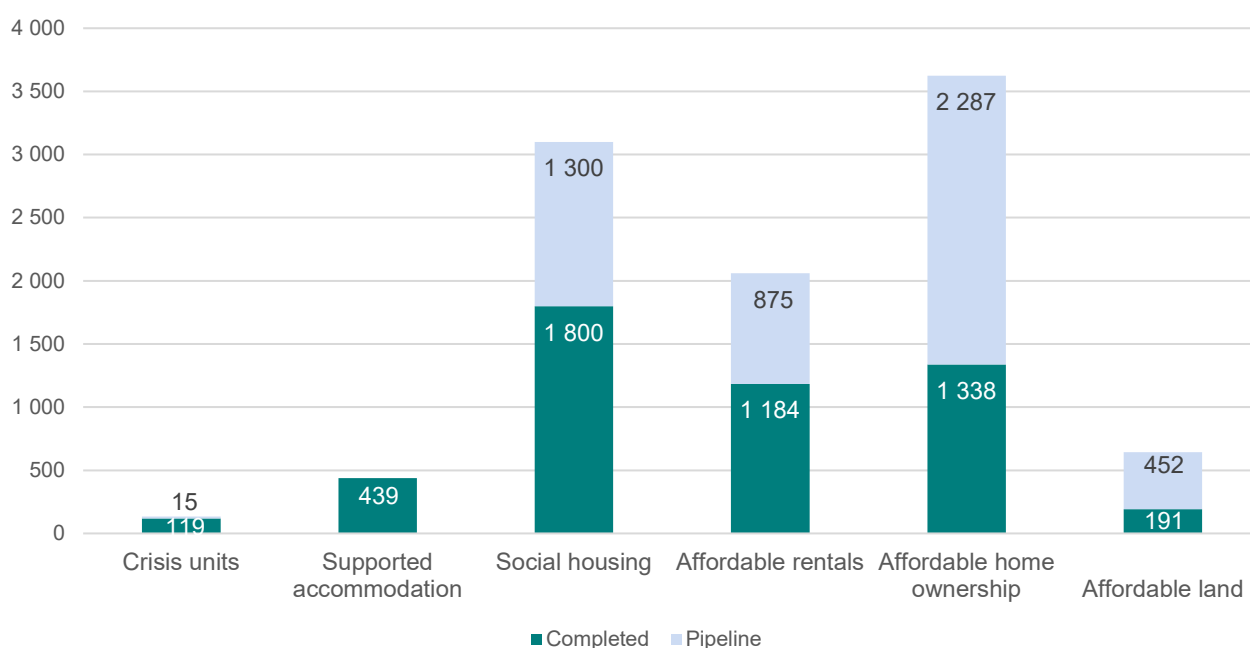
In addition to this Dashboard, the Report on Government Services is released each January and reports on the number of social housing dwellings for the previous financial year. It is a useful measure of a net increase of social housing for Tasmania but has limitations.

There can be lags in its data collection because it relies on self-reporting by community organisations and dwellings are counted once tenanted, whereas Homes Tasmania reports the completion of social housing dwellings in the same way as Housing Australia, which is when a certificate of practical completion is obtained.

Summary of completed projects and pipeline:

5 071

4 929



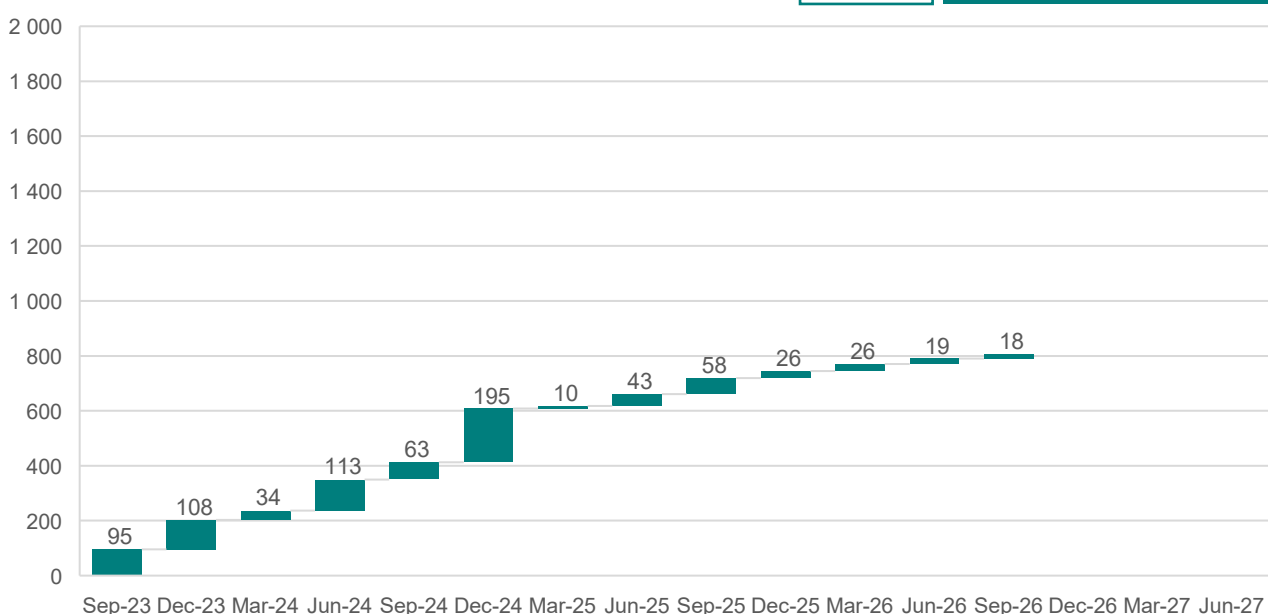
KPI 2: Deliver 2 000 social homes by 2027

KPI 2 measures progress towards the sub-target of 2 000 social housing properties, including supported accommodation, between 1 July 2023 and 30 June 2027. This sub-target is a specific allocation within the total 10 000 social and affordable homes target.

Progress of completed projects:

40%

808 / 2 000



KPI 3: Deliver more accessible homes

Renewal of the social housing portfolio includes investment in the accessibility and liveability of new and existing homes.

KPI 3 measures the liveability standard for all new social housing being delivered towards the 10 000 target, consistent with the Liveable Housing Design Guidelines released by Liveable Housing Australia.

All new homes are required to be built to minimum standards, with a commitment to deliver homes at Silver standard wherever practical, and to Gold or Platinum standard where appropriate.

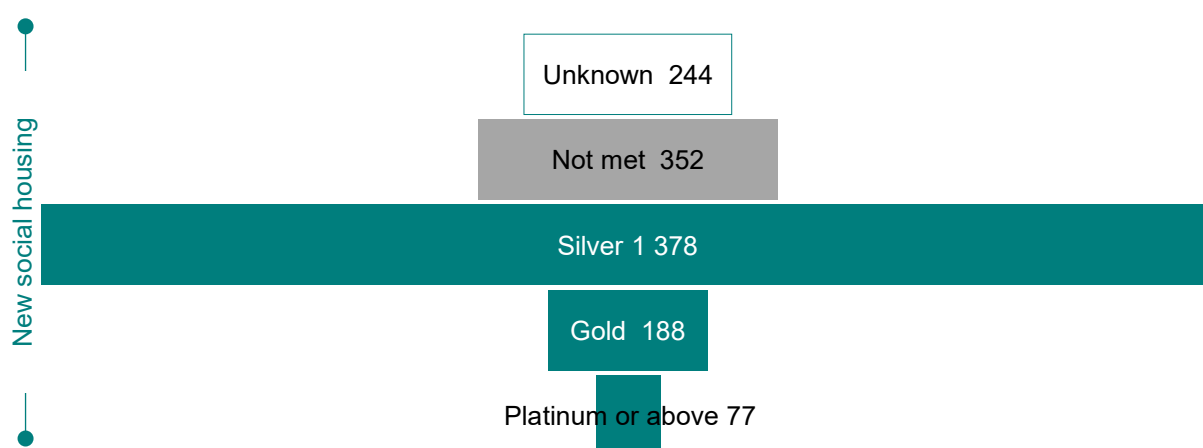
Of the 2 239 new social housing dwellings delivered between 1 October 2020 and 31 July 2026, 1 643 of 1 995 (or 82 per cent) of these dwellings, where data was available at the time of reporting, were identified as having been designed to Silver standard or above, including 265 at Gold or Platinum standard.

Significant improvements have been made to classify each new dwelling based on liveability standards and identify previously unknown data. Data is unknown for the remaining 244 dwellings.

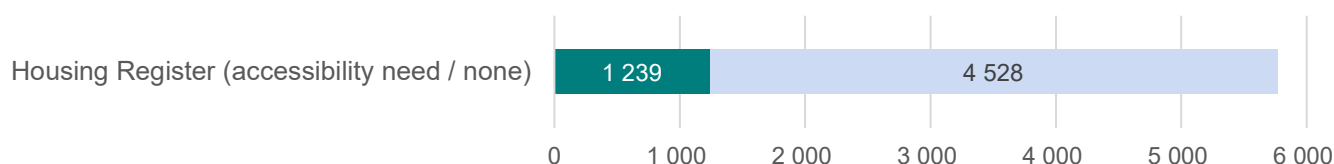
Liveability of new social housing:

73%

1 643 / 2 239



Expressed demand for accessible social housing:



The expressed demand for accessible social housing is shown for Housing Register applicants who may have mobility limitations, being older people aged 75+ and/or those who require property modifications for accessibility, and is 1 239 applicants (21.5 per cent) at the end of July 2026.

KPI 4: Improve alignment of social housing occupancy

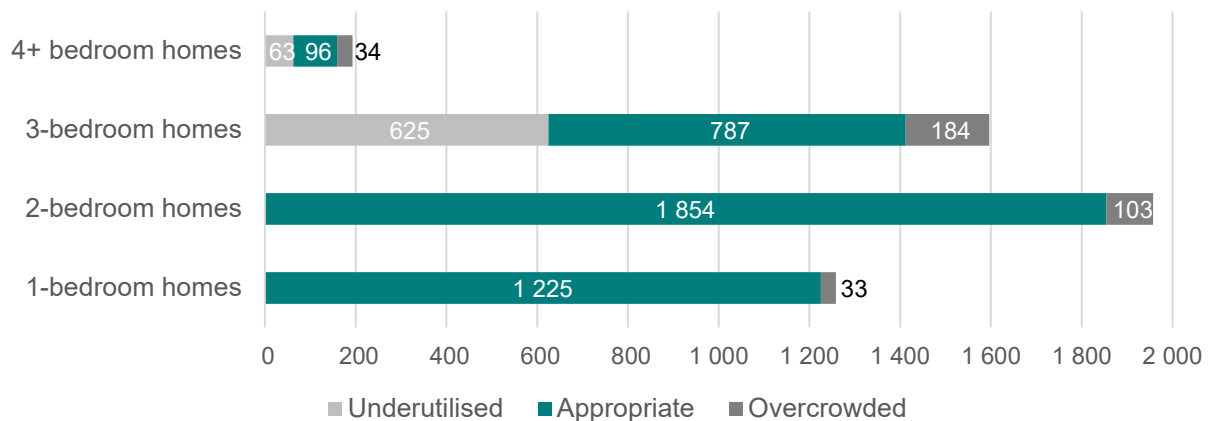
The changing housing needs of Tasmanians requires more one- and two-bedroom homes or homes for much larger families. The social housing portfolio has many underutilised three-bedroom homes, which met the needs of households in previous decades. Construction of new homes by Homes Tasmania will focus on improving this alignment by increasing housing density and infill residential development to deliver smaller, two-bedroom homes and some larger family homes.

KPI 4 measures the number of social housing dwellings managed by Homes Tasmania that have fewer or more bedrooms than are required by the household.

Most underutilisation (13.7 per cent) and overcrowding (7.1 per cent) apply to three- and four-bedroom dwellings, showing a need to make better use of these existing homes.

Tenant utilisation by bedroom number:

79% alignment



Expressed demand for smaller homes:



The expressed demand for smaller social housing dwellings is shown for Housing Register applicants, with 4 811 applicants (83 per cent) wanting one- or two-bedroom homes.

KPI 5: Deliver more affordable rentals

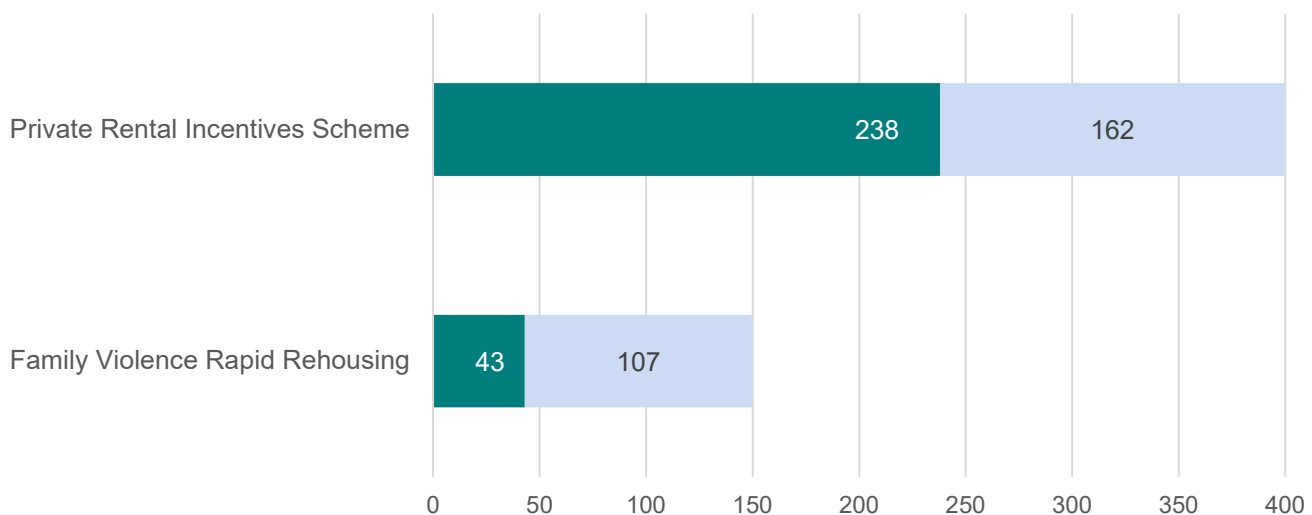
KPI 5 measures the number of new affordable rentals being delivered under the Private Rental Incentives scheme and Family Violence Rapid Rehousing program. The targets for these programs between 1 July 2024 and 30 June 2026 was an additional 200 homes under the Private Rental Incentives scheme, bringing the total program capacity to 400 homes, and an additional 100 homes under the Family Violence Rapid Rehousing program, bringing the total program capacity to 150 homes. This target was not met due to challenges in market conditions and in securing homes from private landlords in a tight private rental market.

The portfolios have 238 and 43 homes respectively as at the end of July 2026.

Progress against targets:

51%

281 / 550



These programs provide access for people on the Housing Register into the private rental market by head leasing properties and subsidising the rent amount, so they are affordable.

Tasmanians on low incomes can also apply for Private Rental Assistance through Housing Connect to help towards their costs for rent in advance, bond payments, removalists and rent arrears. This assistance has been decreasing due to private rental market pressures including low vacancy rates.

Housing Connect helps about 100 households into affordable rentals with Private Rental Assistance each month.

KPI 6: Deliver more affordable home ownership

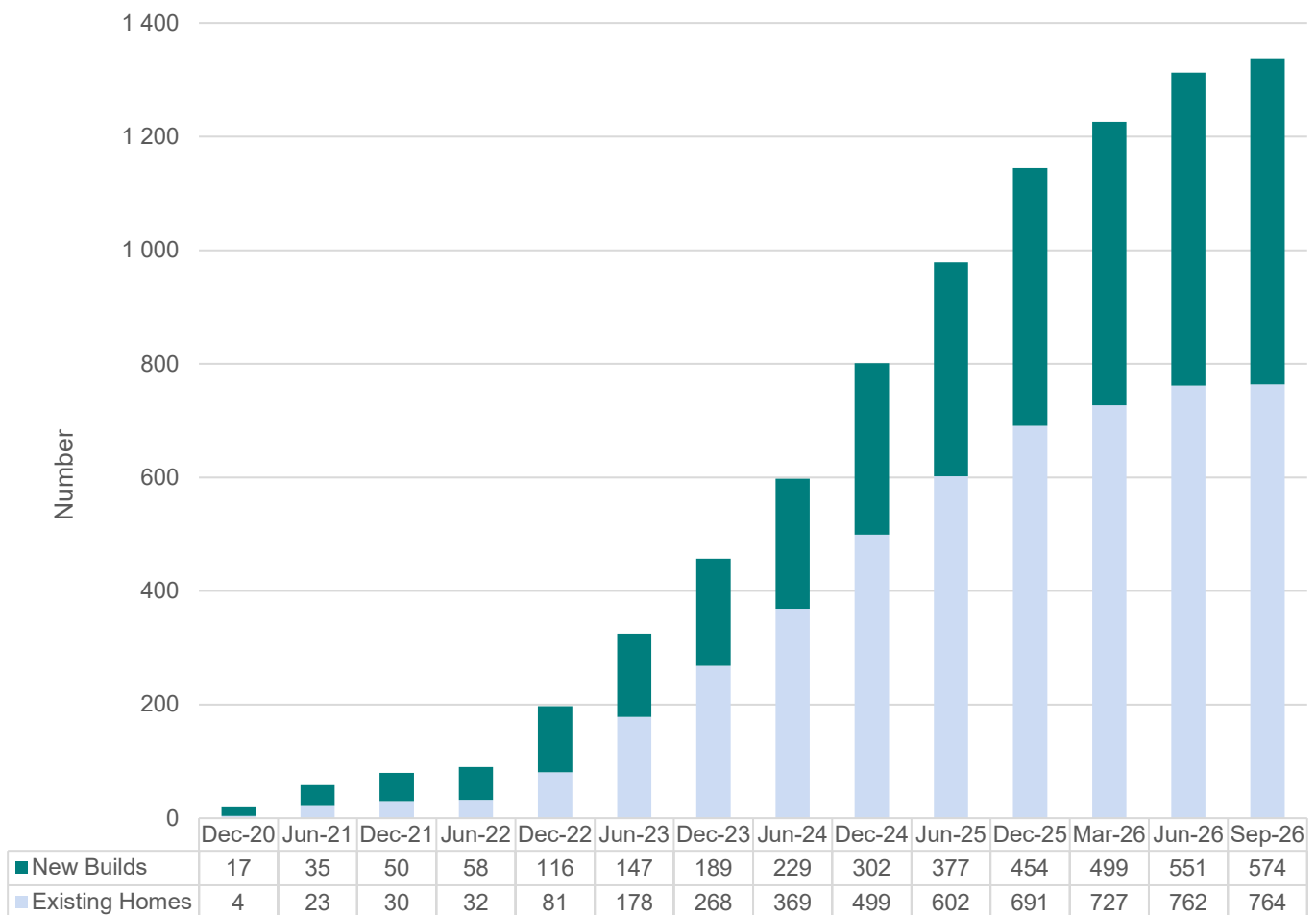
The MyHome shared equity scheme has been expanded to help more people buy their first home with a two per cent deposit.

KPI 6 measures the number of households who have purchased a home through MyHome and previous home ownership assistance programs.

The data reflect settlements that have taken place during the month and shows strong growth of the revised program. The data are reported for the current month while displaying historical figures on a six-monthly basis.

There have been 1 338 households assisted into affordable home ownership as at the end of July 2026.

Completed purchases:

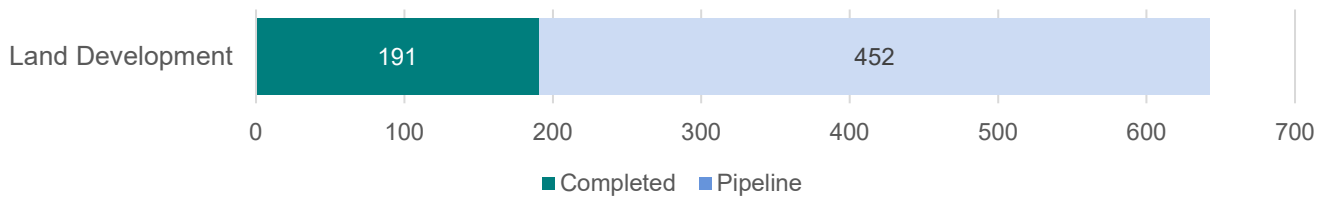


KPI 7: Deliver more residential lots

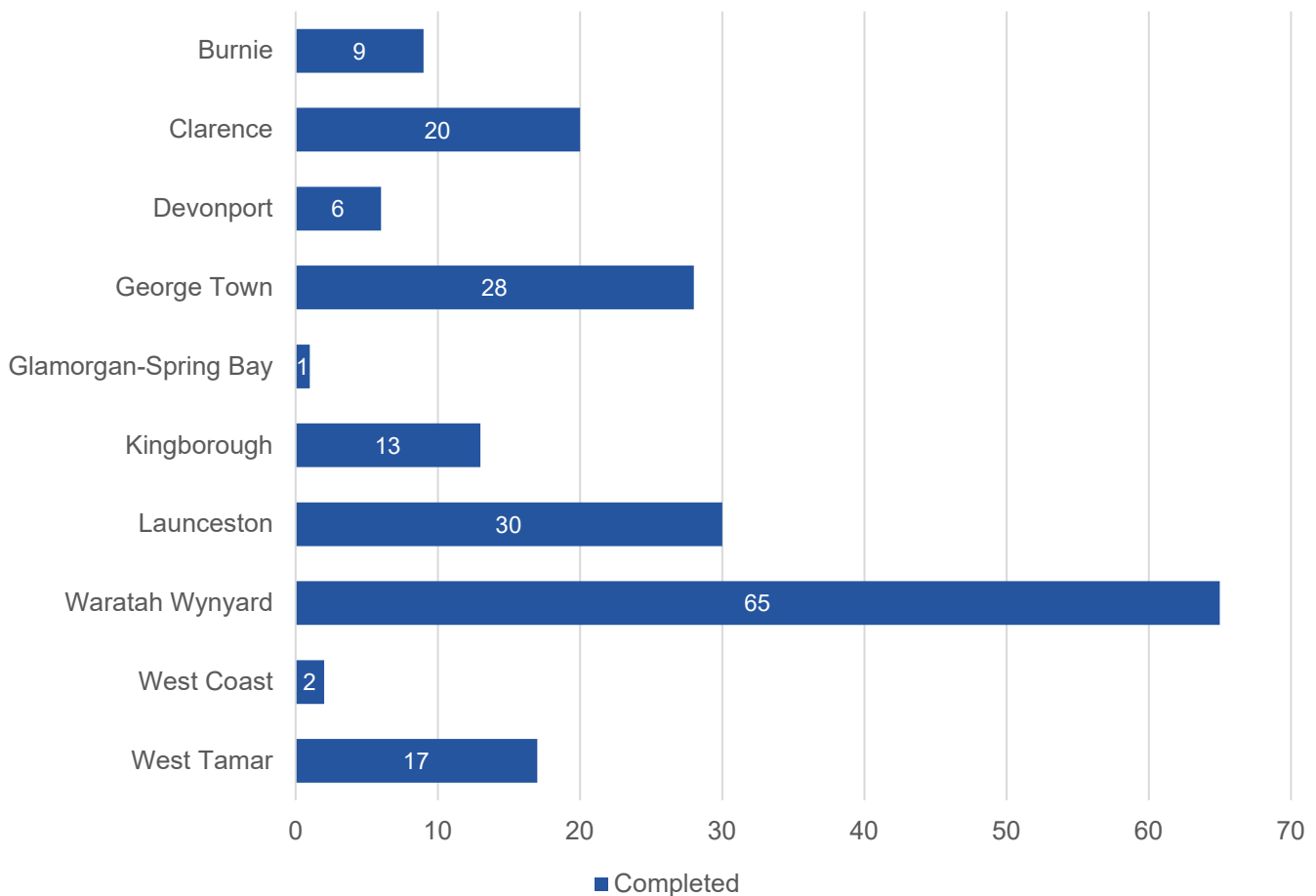
KPI 7 measures progress against the number of residential lots sold by subdivision locations across the state.

Revised counting rules apply to residential lots to ensure housing outcomes are delivered and show the adjustment from July 2024. Land is recorded as completed once sold. Annual audits will monitor construction, and if a dwelling has not substantially commenced within two years, the lot will return to the pipeline until completed.

There have been 191 lots sold as at the end of June 2026.



Land has been developed and sold in the local government areas outlined below.



Supporting information

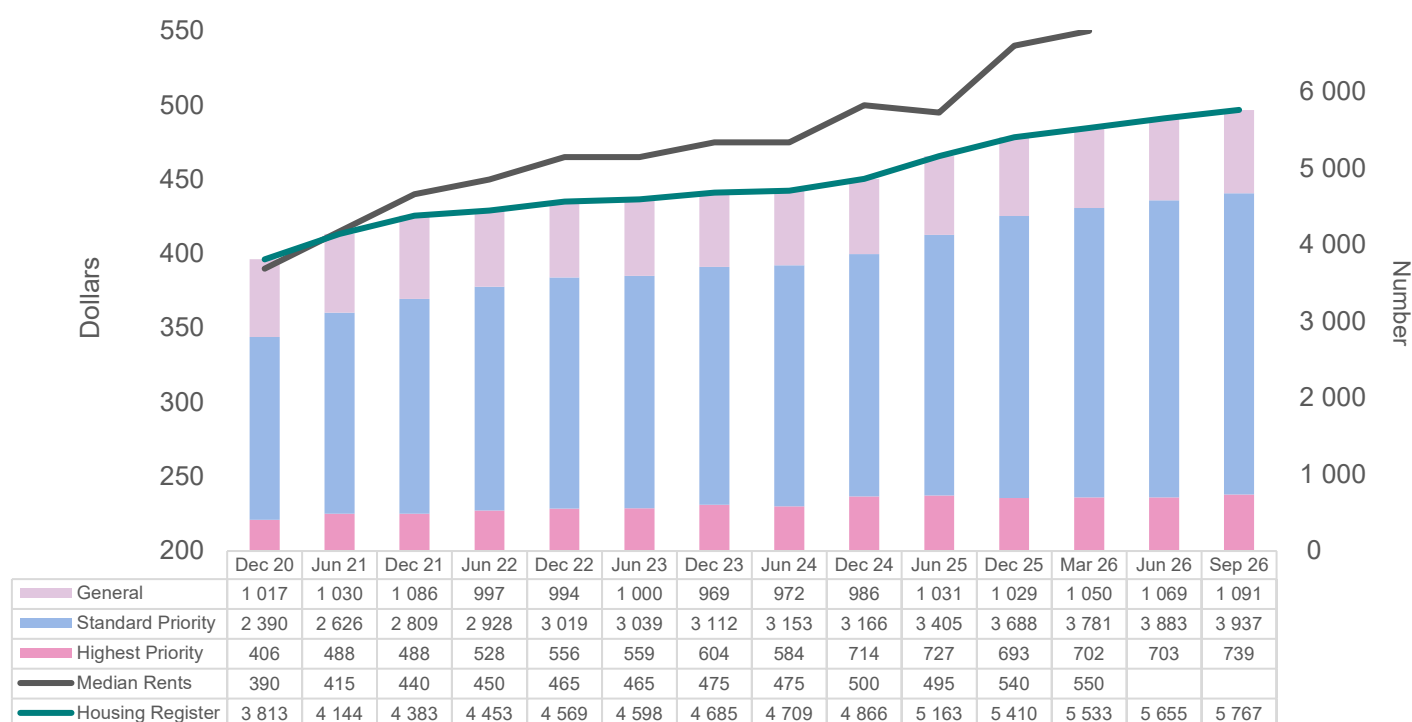
Supporting information is provided about the efficiency and effectiveness of Tasmania's social housing system, and where available, how Tasmania's housing indicators compare nationally.

Expressed demand for social housing

Indicator 1: Correlation with rental affordability

This indicator compares rental affordability quarterly with demand from applicants on the Housing Register monthly, showing a strong correlation between the increased median price¹ of private rentals and housing demand from applicants on the Housing Register. Housing Register data is reported for the current month, while private rental data is quarterly, and historical figures are reported six monthly.

There has been an increase of 9.9 per cent in the past 12 months in the number of applications on the Housing Register from 5 247 to 5 767 at the end of July 2026.



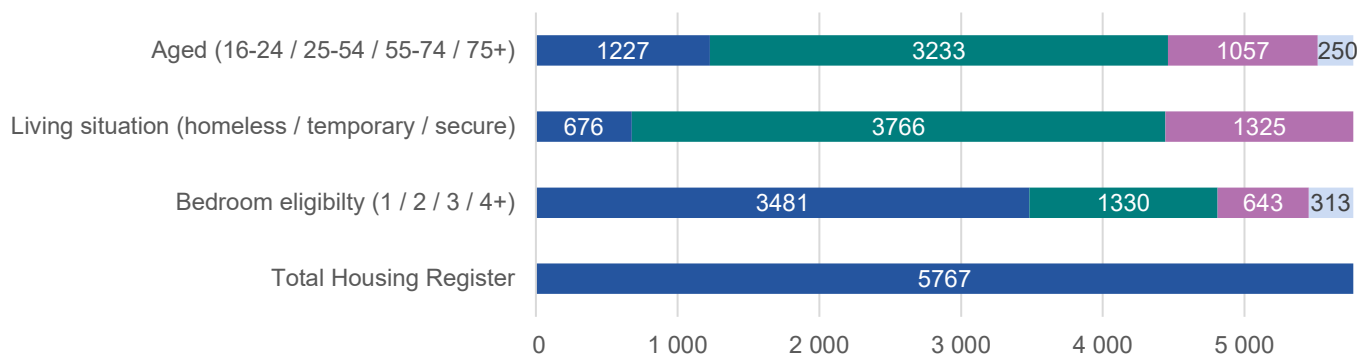
Delivering more affordable rentals and affordable home ownership aims to reduce pressure on the social housing system, with new supply of social housing dwellings targeting those in greatest need.

¹ Rental affordability data is reported by the Real Estate Institute of Tasmania quarterly.

Housing Register data

Indicator 2: Applicant profile

This indicator shows that the number of active applications on the Housing Register was 5 767 at the end of July 2026, indicating there is strong demand for social housing.



Secure housing refers to applicants who may be unsafe at home, or their property is not appropriate to their needs, or they are living in a caravan park. Temporary housing includes applicants who may be staying with family and friends or in a shelter or in brokered accommodation, or they have received a notice to vacate from their rental home. Applicants who are homeless are without accommodation (such as sleeping rough). Assistance is available for people who are without accommodation at Safe Spaces and outreach support in Burnie, Launceston and Hobart.

Past 12 months	
Month	Applicants on the Housing Register
Jul-25	5 247
Aug-25	5 277
Sep-25	5 336
Oct-25	5 380
Nov-25	5 384
Dec-25	5 410
Jan-26	5 387
Feb-26	5 408
Mar-26	5 533
Apr-26	5 507
May-26	5 577
Jun-26	5 655
Jul-26	5 767

Most demand is for one-bedroom properties, indicating a significant need from single people and couples.

Indicator 3: Allocations to greatest need

This indicator shows the proportion of homes that are allocated to priority applicants and the time that it takes to house priority applicants from when they applied for social housing.

This includes data for applicants housed into public and community housing. The national average (and the performance of other jurisdictions) is sourced from the Report on Government Services², which is released in January each year.

Past 12 months				
Month	Proportion of allocations made to priority applicants (Monthly)	Proportion of allocations made to priority applicants (Rolling 12-month average)	Average time to house priority applicants – in weeks (Monthly)	Average time to house priority applicants (Rolling 12-month average)
Jul-25	92.5	92.3	92.0	80.2
Aug-25	87.3	91.6	77.2	80.8
Sep-25	90.6	91.5	100.9	82.6
Oct-25	89.1	91.4	85.7	82.4
Nov-25	81.0	91.0	92.8	84.3
Dec-25	88.4	90.3	87.2	84.4
Jan-26	87.0	89.8	85.9	84.6
Feb-26	94.2	90.0	92.3	85.0
Mar-26	98.4	90.5	104.4	88.1
Apr-26	94.5	90.6	92.7	89.0
May-26	100.0	91.2	84.2	87.9
Jun-26	93.0	91.0	67.9	88.6
Jul-26	92.8	91.0	100.4	89.4

At 91.0%, Tasmania is allocating a far greater proportion of social housing to priority applicants than the national average, which was 84.6% for public housing and 79.5% for community housing in 2024-25.

The percentage of allocations to priority applicants was 91.0 per cent (rolling 12-month average) at the end of July 2026.

The average wait time for priority applicants on the Housing Register was 89.4 weeks (rolling 12-month average) at the end of July 2026.

² Table 18A.16 and Table 18A.20 of the 2026 RoGS

Indicator 4: Applications as a proportion of dwellings

This indicator measures the number of applicants on the Housing Register as a proportion of the total number of social housing dwellings. This is a way of comparing Tasmania's performance with other jurisdictions when assessing the waiting list. The data is sourced from the Report on Government Services, which is released in January each year, and its mid-year update, which includes the final number of Indigenous community housing dwellings for the previous year.

Past 10 years						
Year ending 30 June	Population	Annual population growth rate	Number of social housing dwellings ³	Housing Register	Applicants as proportion of population	Applicants as proportion of social housing dwellings
2016	517 514	0.47%	13 621	3 365	0.65%	24.7%
2017	526 762	1.79%	13 408	2 960	0.56%	22.1%
2018	537 291	2.00%	13 364	3 210	0.60%	24.0%
2019	547 841	1.96%	13 554	3 351	0.61%	24.7%
2020	557 578	1.78%	13 812	3 373	0.60%	24.4%
2021	567 239	1.73%	14 059	4 144	0.73%	29.5%
2022	572 300	0.89%	14 065	4 453	0.78%	31.7%
2023	573 731	0.25%	14 605	4 598	0.80%	31.5%
2024	574 765	0.18%	15 050	4 709	0.82%	31.3%
2025 ⁴	577 770	0.52%	15 359	5 163	0.89%	33.6%

Tasmania has had a 12.8 per cent growth in social housing from 2016 to 2025 and an 11.6 per cent population growth over the same period, compared with the national average which has seen a 6.1 per cent growth in social housing and a 14.1 per cent population growth.

³ Social housing dwellings is reported in RoGS Table 18A.3.

⁴ Population data is at 30 June each year as released by the Australian Bureau of Statistics. At times the ABS will revise past published results. These will be updated as necessary.

Indicator 5: Evictions from social housing

Under the *Residential Tenancy Act 1997*, tenants have important responsibilities, including maintaining their tenancy agreements and being considerate neighbours.

Social housing providers work proactively to support tenants in meeting their obligations. However, where agreements are not upheld, providers take appropriate steps to ensure that all residents can enjoy a respectful community where people feel secure and safe. After exhausting all possible solutions to resolve the issue, a tenant may face eviction from their social housing tenancy.

This indicator shows the number of tenancies that have ended due to eviction over the past 12 months, along with the reasons for those evictions.

Past 12 months					
Month ⁵	Arrears	Property Condition	Antisocial Behaviour	Other	Total
Jul-25	<5	<5	0	<5	<5
Aug-25	0	0	<5	0	<5
Sep-25	<5	<5	0	<5	<5
Oct-25	<5	<5	<5		8
Nov-25	<5	<5	0	<5	<5
Dec-25	<5	<5	<5	0	<5
Jan-26	<5	<5	0	0	<5
Feb-26	<5	0	0	<5	5
Mar-26	7	<5			9
Apr-26	<5	<5	0	0	<5
May-26	<5	<5	0	<5	5
Jun-26	<5	<5	<5	0	6
Total (12 months)	27	15	15		57

There were on average five evictions per month (rolling 12-month average) at the end of June 2026. The most common reason for eviction (47 per cent) was failure to pay rent.

57 tenants were evicted in the past 12 months.

The most common reason for eviction was failure to pay rent.

⁵ This data has a one-month lag behind other indicators. Numbers less than five are withheld in accordance with privacy legislation.

Indicator 6: Turnaround times

This indicator measures the average time (in days) it takes from when a house becomes vacant to when it is re-tenanted for dwellings owned and managed by Homes Tasmania.

Past 12 months		
Month	Turnaround time – in days (Monthly)	Turnaround time (Rolling 12-month average)
Jul-25	46.9	38.8
Aug-25	44.0	39.9
Sep-25	48.7	41.5
Oct-25	46.2	43.5
Nov-25	43.5	44.7
Dec-25	34.8	43.4
Jan-26	37.9	42.3
Feb-26	28.6	41.2
Mar-26	47.8	41.3
Apr-26	39.6	41.6
May-26	34.8	40.1
Jun-26	46.7	41.0
Jul-26	44.7	41.1

The turnaround time for Homes Tasmania properties was 41.1 days (rolling 12-month average) at the end of July 2026.

The increasing average turnaround time demonstrates the challenges of a tight market for tradespeople.

Occupancy rates for social housing are consistently 99 per cent or higher (12-month rolling average) for properties managed by Homes Tasmania.

Indicator 7: Effectiveness of completed work orders

This indicator measures the effectiveness of maintenance work orders completed in properties owned and managed by Homes Tasmania and does not include those managed by community housing providers.

Past 12 months				
Month ⁶	Number of paid work orders (Monthly)	Number of paid work orders (Rolling 12-month average)	Average performance rating (Monthly)	Average performance rating (Rolling 12-month average)
Jul-25	1 551	1 275	95.0	89.3
Aug-25	1 355	1 273	96.0	89.2
Sep-25	1 459	1 281	92.0	88.9
Oct-25	1 465	1 286	94.8	92.5
Nov-25	1 203	1 288	93.2	92.7
Dec-25	1 116	1 301	89.6	91.9
Jan-26	1 081	1 297	92.4	92.0
Feb-26	1 348	1 320	94.5	92.5
Mar-26	1 268	1 324	92.9	92.6
Apr-26	1 216	1 328	91.1	92.5
May-26	1 408	1 322	91.3	92.4
Jun-26	1 676	1 346	90.2	92.3

Homes Tasmania audits a random selection of work orders completed to assess the effectiveness of contractors in delivering outcomes. Audits consider the timeliness, quality, value for money and tenant satisfaction related to each job as well as whether contractual requirements were achieved, or additional call outs were required. A monthly overall performance rating out of 100 is applied for contractors and considers performance against specific weighted performance indicators.

Data for this indicator has been updated from October 2025 for the past 12 months. This now includes all general maintenance work orders and contractors under new maintenance contracts.

An average of 92.3 per cent of work orders (rolling 12-month average) were completed to benchmarks in the past year at the end of June 2026.



⁶ This data has a one-month lag behind other indicators. Minor data updates may be undertaken as reporting for new maintenance contractors is finalised.

Indicator 8: Building approvals in Tasmania

This indicator measures the number of building approvals in Tasmania as released by the Australian Bureau of Statistics each month.

Past 12 months		
Month ⁷	Building approvals ⁸ (Monthly)	Building approvals (In the year to)
Jun-25	171	2 341
Jul-25	216	2 313
Aug-25	226	2 344
Sep-25	274	2 417
Oct-25	227	2 408
Nov-25	181	2 399
Dec-25	227	2 437
Jan-26	172	2 489
Feb-26	191	2 389
Mar-26	215	2 438
Apr-26	264	2 545
May-26	319	2 683
Jun-26	223	2 735

In recent years there has been a national trend of decreases in building approval numbers, most likely due to market factors such as borrowing costs and the availability of labour. However the number of building approvals in Tasmania has stabilised and has recently started to increase.

⁷ This data has a one-month lag behind other indicators.

⁸ At times the ABS will revise past published results. These will be updated as necessary.

Indicator 9: Vacancy rates in Tasmania

This indicator shows the vacancy rate in the private rental market in the three major centres in Tasmania. The vacancy rate is the number of vacant properties as a proportion of the overall number of properties in the rental market.

Past 12 months			
Month	Vacancy rate – Hobart	Vacancy rate – Burnie	Vacancy rate – Launceston
Jul-25	0.6	0.5	0.6
Aug-25	0.5	0.4	0.5
Sep-25	0.4	0.3	0.5
Oct-25	0.4	0.3	0.5
Nov-25	0.4	0.4	0.4
Dec-25	0.4	0.5	0.4
Jan-26	0.4	0.5	0.6
Feb-26	0.5	0.5	0.7
Mar-26	0.4	0.4	0.7
Apr-26	0.5	0.6	0.7
May-26	0.6	0.7	0.8
Jun-26	0.7	0.6	0.7
Jul-26	0.6	0.6	0.8

Median statewide rent for houses was \$550 per week in the March 2026 quarter, an increase of 10 per cent from the March quarter of 2025.

SQM Research⁹ reports the vacancy rates in Hobart, Burnie and Launceston were 0.6 per cent, 0.6 per cent and 0.8 per cent, respectively, as at the end of July 2026.

⁹ Vacancy rates are compiled by and reproduced with the permission of SQM Research whose data is available at <https://sqmresearch.com.au/>

Homes Tasmania

Building homes,
creating communities.

Email: exec.services@homes.tas.gov.au

www.homestasmania.com.au